STATE OF MISSOURI

DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES

MISSOURI CLEAN WATER COMMISSION



MISSOURI STATE OPERATING PERMIT

In compliance with the Missouri Clean Water Law, (Chapter 644 R.S. Mo. as amended, hereinafter, the Law), and the Federal Water Pollution Control Act (Public Law 92-500, 92nd Congress) as amended,

1400 South Highway 141, Fenton, MO 63026

MO-0123358

Koller Enterprises

Permit No.:

Owner:

Address:

Continuing Authority: Address:	Same as above Same as above					
Facility Name: Address:	Koller Craft Plastic Products 1400 South Highway 141, Fenton, MO 63026					
Legal Description:	S Survey 3011, T43N, R5E, Jefferson County					
Receiving Stream: First Classified Stream and ID: USGS Basin & Sub-watershed No.:	Saline Creek (C) Saline Creek (P)(02189) 303(d) list (07140102-080004)					
is authorized to discharge from the facility described herein, in accordance with the effluent limitations and monitoring requirements as set forth herein:						
FACILITY DESCRIPTION						
Outfall #001 - Manufacturing - SIC #3089 Non contact cooling water and storm water runoff. Maximum flow of cooling water is 0.432 MGD (900 gpm for one eight-hour shift).						
This permit authorizes only wastewater discharges under the Missouri Clean Water Law and the National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System; it does not apply to other regulated areas. This permit may be appealed in accordance with Section 644.051.6 of the Law.						
April 2, 2004	Xyn yantou					
Effective Date	Stephen M Mahford, Director Department of Natural Resources Executive Secretar, Clean Water Commission					
April 1, 2009	T. H. H. Di					
Expiration Date MO 780-0041 (10-93)	Jim Hull, Director of Staff, Clean Water Commission					

A. EFFLUENT LIMITATIONS AND MONITORING REQUIREMENTS

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PERMIT NUMBER MO-0123358

The permittee is authorized to discharge from outfall(s) with serial number(s) as specified in the application for this permit. The final effluent limitations shall become effective upon issuance and remain in effect until expiration of the permit. Such discharges shall be controlled, limited and monitored by the permittee as specified below:

		FINAL EFFLUENT LIMITATIONS			MONITORING REQUIREMENTS	
OUTFALL NUMBER AND EFFLUENT PARAMETER(S)	UNITS	DAILY MAXIMUM	WEEKLY AVERAGE	MONTHLY AVERAGE	MEASUREMENT FREQUENCY	SAMPLE TYPE
Outfall #001						
Flow	MGD	*		*	once/month	24 hr. estimate
Oil and Grease	mg/L	15		10	once/year**	grab
Chemical Oxygen Demand	mg/L	*		*	once/year**	grab
Chemicals currently stored outside or in the last 3 years (See Sampling Req.)	mg/L	*		*	once/year**	grab
pH - Units	SU	***		***	once/year**	grab
Settleable Solids	mL/L/hr	*		*	once/year**	grab
Color***		*		*	once/year**	grab
<u>Instream Monitoring</u> - 50 feet above Outfall #001						
Temperature	٥F	*		*	once/month	grab
Downstream Monitoring - 100 feet below Outfall #001						
Temperature	۰F	****		****	once/month	grab

MONITORING REPORTS SHALL BE SUBMITTED ANNUALLY; THE FIRST REPORT IS DUE October 28, 2004. THERE SHALL BE NO DISCHARGE OF FLOATING SOLIDS OR VISIBLE FOAM IN OTHER THAN TRACE AMOUNTS.

B. STANDARD CONDITIONS

IN ADDITION TO SPECIFIED CONDITIONS STATED HEREIN, THIS PERMIT IS SUBJECT TO THE ATTACHED $\underline{\texttt{Part}}$ I STANDARD CONDITIONS DATED $\underline{\texttt{October}}$ 1, 1980, AND HEREBY INCORPORATED AS THOUGH FULLY SET FORTH HEREIN.

MO 780-0010 (8/91)

A. EFFLUENT LIMITATIONS AND MONITORING REQUIREMENTS (continued)

- * Monitoring requirement only.
- ** Permittee shall collect and analyze one sample per year, taken during a rainfall which exceeds 0.1 inches and results in a discharge, and also at any time at the request of the department.
- *** pH is measured in pH units and is not to be averaged. The pH is limited to the range of 6.0-9.0 pH units.
- **** Description of the visual appearance of the effluent. For example: clear, green, black, etc.
- ***** Effluent shall not elevate or depress the temperature of the receiving stream beyond the mixing zone more than five (5°)F. The stream temperature beyond the mixing zone shall not exceed ninety (90°)F due to the effluent.

C. SPECIAL CONDITIONS

- 1. This permit may be reopened and modified, or alternatively revoked and reissued, to:
 - (a) Comply with any applicable effluent standard or limitation issued or approved under Sections 301(b)(2)(C) and (D), 304(b)(2), and 307(a) (2) of the Clean Water Act, if the effluent standard or limitation so issued or approved:
 - (1) contains different conditions or is otherwise more stringent than any effluent limitation in the permit; or
 - (2) controls any pollutant not limited in the permit.
 - (b) Incorporate new or modified effluent limitations or other conditions, if the result of a waste load allocation study, toxicity test or other information indicates changes are necessary to assure compliance with Missouri's Water Quality Standards.
 - (c) Incorporate new or modified effluent limitations or other conditions if, as the result of a watershed analysis, a Total Maximum Daily Load (TMDL) limitation is developed for the receiving waters which are currently included in Missouri's list of waters of the state not fully achieving the state's water quality standards, also called the 303(d) list.

The permit as modified or reissued under this paragraph shall also contain any other requirements of the Clean Water Act then applicable.

- 2. All paint, solvents, petroleum products and petroleum waste products (except fuels), and storage containers (such as drums, cans, or cartons) shall be stored so that these materials are not exposed to storm water. Spill prevention, control, and/or management shall be provided sufficient to prevent any spills of these pollutants from entering a water of the state. Any containment system used to implement this requirement shall be constructed of materials compatible with the substances contained and shall also prevent the contamination of groundwater.
- 3. Collection facilities shall be provided on-site, and arrangement made for proper disposal of (non-wood) waste products, including but not limited to, petroleum waste products and solvents.
- 4. Good housekeeping practices shall be maintained on the site to keep solid waste from entering waters of the state.
- 5. All fueling facilities present on the site shall adhere to applicable federal and state regulations concerning underground storage, above ground storage, and dispensers, including spill prevention, control and counter measures.
- 6. An individual shall be designated by the permittee as responsible for environmental matters. Staff of the permitted facility shall inspect, on workdays, any structures that function to prevent pollution of storm water or to remove pollutants from storm water and of the facility in general to ensure that any Best Management Practices are continually implemented and effective.
- 7. Substances regulated by federal law under the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA) or the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act (CERCLA) that are transported, stored, or used for maintenance, cleaning or repair shall be managed according to the provisions of RCRA and CERCLA.
- 8. All involved personnel shall be trained in material handling and storage, and housekeeping of maintenance areas. Upon request, proof of training shall be submitted to the Department.
- 9. Permittee will cease discharge by connection to areawide wastewater treatment system within 90 days of notice of its availability.

C. SPECIAL CONDITIONS (continued)

10. Changes in Discharges of Toxic Substances

The permittee shall notify the Director as soon as it knows or has reason to believe:

- (a) That any activity has occurred or will occur which would result in the discharge of any toxic pollutant which is not limited in the permit, if that discharge will exceed the highest of the following "notification levels:"
 - (1) One hundred micrograms per liter (100 μ g/L);
 - (2) Two hundred micrograms per liter (200 $\mu g/L$) for acrolein and acrylonitrile; five hundred micrograms per liter (500 $\mu g/L$) for 2,5 dinitrophenol and for 2-methyl-4, 6-dinitrophenol; and one milligram per liter (1 mg/L) for antimony;
 - (3) Five (5) times the maximum concentration value reported for the pollutant in the permit application;
 - (4) The level established in Part A of the permit by the Director.
- (b) That they have begun or expect to begin to use or manufacture as an intermediate or final product or byproduct any toxic pollutant, which was not reported in the permit application.
- 11. Report as no-discharge when a discharge does not occur during the report period.
- 12. General Criteria. The following water quality criteria shall be applicable to all waters of the state at all times including mixing zones. No water contaminant, by itself or in combination with other substances, shall prevent the waters of the state from meeting the following conditions:
 - (a) Waters shall be free from substances in sufficient amounts to cause the formation of putrescent, unsightly or harmful bottom deposits or prevent full maintenance of beneficial uses;
 - (b) Waters shall be free from oil, scum and floating debris in sufficient amounts to be unsightly or prevent full maintenance of beneficial uses;
 - (c) Waters shall be free from substances in sufficient amounts to cause unsightly color or turbidity, offensive odor or prevent full maintenance of beneficial uses;
 - (d) Waters shall be free from substances or conditions in sufficient amounts to result in toxicity to human, animal or aquatic life;
 - (e) There shall be no significant human health hazard from incidental contact with the water;
 - (f) There shall be no acute toxicity to livestock or wildlife watering;
 - (g) Waters shall be free from physical, chemical or hydrologic changes that would impair the natural biological community;
 - (h) Waters shall be free from used tires, car bodies, appliances, demolition debris, used vehicles or equipment and solid waste as defined in Missouri's Solid Waste Law, section 260.200, RSMo, except as the use of such materials is specifically permitted pursuant to section 260.200-260.247.
- 13. All outfalls must be clearly marked in the field.

STORMWATER SAMPLING REQUIREMENTS

- 1. The permittee shall collect and analyze one representative sample per year taken during a rainfall, which exceeds 0.1 inches and results in a discharge. The sample shall be analyzed for chemicals listed in 40 CFR 122 Appendix D (see Attachment 1) which are currently or have been stored outside in the last three years in open or unsecured containers, loaded or unloaded, and exposed to storm water. A secure container shall be deemed to be a container with a lid, which has never been opened since it was originally sealed.
- 2. Other soluble bulk materials that are not listed in 40CFR 122 Appendix D (see Attachment 1) that are actually stored outside and exposed to storm water must also be monitored. If permittee has questions concerning which parameters to sample and test for, contact the Water Pollution Control Program.
- 3. Exempted from monitoring requirements are iron and aluminum, when stored outside in the form of solid pieces of steel and aluminum, and gases.

Appendix D, To Part 122 - NPDES Permit Application Testing Requirements (122.21)

Table II - Organic Toxic Pollutants In Each Of Four Fractions In Analysis By Gas Chromatography/Mass Spectroscopy (GS/MS).

Volatiles		Base/Neutral	
1V	acrolein	1B	acenaphthene
2V	acrylonitrile	2В	acenaphthylene
	benzene	3B	anthracene
5V	bromoform	4B	benzidine
6V	carbon tetrechloride	5B	benzo(a)anthracene
7V	chlorobenzene	6B	benzo(a)pyrene
8V	chlorodibromomethane	7в	3,4-benzofluoranthene
9V	chloroethane	8B	benzo(ghi)perylene
10V	2-chloroethylvinyl ether	9В	benzo(k)fluoranthene
11V	chloroform	10B	bis(2-chloroethoxy)methane
12V	dichlorobromomethane	11B	bis(2-chloroethyl)ether
14V	1,1-dichloroethane	12B	bis(2-chloroisopropyl)ether
15V	1,2-dichloroethane	13B	bis(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate
16V	1,1-dichloroethylene	14B	4-bromophenyl phenyl ether
17V	1,2-dichloropropane	15B	butylbenzyl phthalate
18V	1,3-dichloropropylene	16B	2-chloronaphthalene
19V	ethylbenzene	17B	4-chlorophenyl phenyl ehter
20V	methyl bromide	18B	chrysene
21V	methyl chloride	19B	dibenzo(a,h)anthracene
22V	methylene chloride	20B	1,2-dichlorobenzene
23V	1,1,2,2-tetrachloroethane	21B	1,3-dichlorobenzene
24V	tetrachloroethylene	22B	1,4-dichlorobenzene
25V	toluene	23B	3,3'-dichlorobenzidine
26V	1,2-trans-dichloroethylene	24B	diethyl phthalate
27V	1,1,1-trichloroethane	25B	dimethyl phthalate
28V	1,1,2-trichloroethane	26B	di-n-butyl phthalate
29V	trichloroethylene	27B	2,4-dinitrotoluene
31V	vinyl chloride	28B	2,6-dinitrotoluene
		29B	di-n-octyl phthalate
Aci	d Compounds	30B	1,2-diphenylhydrazine (as
			azobenzene)
		31B	fluroranthene
1A	2-chlorophenol	32B	fluorene
2A	2,4-dichlorophenol	33B	hexachlorobenzene
3A	2,4-dimethylphenol	34B	hexachlorobutadiene
4A	4,6-dinitro-o-cresol	35B	hexachlorocyclopentadiene
	2,4 dinitrophenol	36B	hexachloroethane
бA	2-nitrophenol	37B	indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene
7A	4-nitrophenol	38B	isophorone
8A	p-chloro-m-cresol	39B	napthalene
	pentachlorophenol	40B	nitrobenzene
	phenol	41B	N-nitrosodimethylamine
11A	2,4,6-trichlorophenol	42B	N-nitrosodi-n-propylamine
		43B	N-nitrosodiphenylamine
		44B	phenanthrene
		45B	pyrene
		46B	1,2,4-trichlorobenzene

(continued on next page)

<u>Pesticides</u> Nonconventional

Existing

1P aldrin

Present

- 2P alpha-BHC
- 3P beta-BHC
- 4P gamma-BHC
- 5P delta-BHC
- 51 acrea bile
- 6P chlordane
- 7P 4,4'-DDT
- 8P 4,4'-DDE
- 9P 4,4'-DDD
- 10P dieldrin
- 11P alpha-endosulfan
- 12P beta-endosulfan
- 13P endosulfan sulfate
- 14P endrin
- 15P endrin aldehyde
- 16P heptachlor
- 17P heptachlor epoxide
- 18P PCB-1242
- 19P PCB-1254
- 20P PCB-1221
- 21P PCB-1232
- 22P PCB-1248
- 23P PCB-1260
- 24P PCB-1016
- 25P toxaphene

<u>Table III - Other Toxic</u> <u>Pollutants (Metals and Cyanide)</u> and Total Phenols

Antimony, Total Arsenic, Total

Beryllium, Total

Cadmium, Total

Chromium, Total Copper, Total

Lead, Total

Mercury, Total

McIcaly, Iocal

Nickel, Total

Selenium, Total

Silver, Total

Thallium, Total

Zinc, Total

Cyanide, Total

Phenols, Total

Table IV - Conventional and

Pollutants Required to be Tested by

Dischargers if Expected to be

Bromide

Chlorine, Total Residual

Color

Fecal Coliform

Fluoride

Nitrate-Nitrite

Nitrogen, Total Organic

Oil and Grease

Phosphorus, Total

Radioactivity

Sulfate

Sulfide

Sulfite

Surfactants

Aluminum, Total

Barium, Total

Boron, Total

Cobalt, Total

Iron, Total

Magnesium, Total

Molybdenum, Total

Manganese, Total

Tin, Total

Titanium, Total

Table V - Toxic Pollutants and Hazardous Substances Required To Be Identified by Existing Dischargers if Expected To Be Present

Toxic Pollutants

Asbestos

Hazardous Substances

Acetaldehyde

Allyl alcohol

Allyl chloride

Amyl acetate

Aniline

Benzonitrile

Benzyl chloride

Butyl acetate

Butylamine

Captan

Carbaryl

Carbofuran

(continued on next page)

Table V - (continued)

Hazardous Substances (continued)

Carbon disulfide Chlorpyrifos Coumaphos Cresol

Crotonaldehyde Cyclohexane

2,4-D(2,4-Dichlorophenoxy acetic acid)

acid)
Diazinon
Dicamba
Dichlobenil
Dichlone

2,2-Dichloropropionic acid dodecylbenzenesulfonate

Dichlorvos Diethyl amine Dimethyl amine Dintrobenzene

Diquat Disulfoton Diuron

Epichlorohydrin

Ethion

Ethylene diamine Ethylene dibromide

Formaldehyde Furfural Guthion Isoprene

Isopropanolamine Dodecylbenzenesulfonate

Kelthane Kepone Malathion

Mercaptodimethur

Methoxychlor

Methyl mercaptan

Methyl methacrylate Methyl parathion

Mevinphos

Mexacarbate

Monoethyl amine

Monomethyl amine

Naled

Napthenic acid Nitrotoluene

Parathion

Phenolsulfanate

Phosgene Propargite

Propylene oxide

Pyrethrins Quinoline Resorcinol Strontium Strychnine Styrene

2,4,5-T(2,4,5-Trichlorophenoxy acetic

TDE(Tetrachlorodiphenylethane)
2,4,5-TP [2-(2,4,5-Trichlorophenoxy)
 propanoic acid]

Trichlorofan Triethanolamine

Triethylamine Trimethylamine

Uranium Vanadium Vinyl acetate Xylene

Xylenol Zirconium